

Toën

Bloch conductor formula

Matrix fact.

Itai Verrisi

Blanc

Robalo

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Want to prove Bloch conductor formula:

Today: partial results. Will use basic realization of non-comm spaces

$S = \text{Spec } A$ A ^{henselian} ~~local~~ DVR.
(complete, eg)

$A/m = k$ perfect field.

$K = \text{Frac}(A)$ local field.

π a uniformizer.

Fix $X \rightarrow S$ proper map of schemes, assume $\bullet X$ regular

$\bullet X_k$ generic fiber smooth over k

Conj (Bloch)

$$\chi(X_E) - \chi(X_k) = \deg[\Delta_\pi \cdot \Delta_k] + Sw(X_k)$$

X in local char

geometric special fiber

geom generic fiber

Swan conductor

- l prime to char
- $\chi(-)$ in Brauer cohom
- $[\Delta_x \cdot \Delta_x]$ a 0-cycle on $X_{\mathbb{F}_l}$, ways to define degree using K thg. Complicated, so omitted. But degree has K thg interpretation:

$\Omega_{X/S}^1$ relative Kähler forms, coh. sheaf on X

$\prod \wedge^{n+1} \Omega_{X/S}^1$ $n = \text{relative dimension} = \dim X/S$

\downarrow
 p not smth \Rightarrow lies in K . (Coh (X/S) supp is div)
 i.e. $\in G_0(X_{\mathbb{F}_l})$.

By p , push to $G_0(k) = \mathbb{Z}$.

Literature: $\deg[\Delta_x \cdot \Delta_x] \approx_p \left(\prod \wedge^{n+1} \Omega_{X/S}^1 \right)$

\uparrow Tor not finite since p not smth, so X not deltd.
 Tor becomes 2-periodic after a while, so can "normalize," so $[\Delta_x \cdot \Delta_x]$ is morally self- \cap of Δ_x .

- $\text{Sw}(X_{\mathbb{F}_l})$ says something (arithmetic) of wild ramification. O of family is Tor .
 Manubony important $\Rightarrow \text{Sw} = 0$.

Swan conductor of $H^i(X_{\mathbb{F}_l}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell) \oplus \text{Gal}(K^{sp}/K)$

- X smth: conjecture reads: $O = 0$

Known cases:

(a) Assume p factors $X \xrightarrow{p} \text{Spec } k \rightarrow S$ — ie, no gener fib. Factors thg & pt.

then $S_w = 0$

get Gauss-Bonnet formula: $\chi(X_{\bar{k}}) = \deg [\Delta_X \cdot \Delta_X]$
 \parallel
 $\sum (-1)^{p+q} \dim(H^p(X, \Omega_X^q))$

(b) If A equicharacteristic, $X_{\bar{k}}$ has Bialted singularity: Deligne.

"Milnor-Deligne formula" SGA '7.

Char p analogue of Milnor formula for Milnor $\#$.

↳ Swan conductor is extra term in char p , as opposed to char 0 case.

(c) k char 0, then Conj true: No Sw again. $A = [k[t]]$

$\deg(\Delta_X \cdot \Delta_X) = \chi(DR(X, A))$

"twisted" de Rham complex, $f: X \rightarrow A_{\bar{k}}^2$, twisted by f .

Kopman: $\chi(X_{\bar{k}}) - \chi(X_{\bar{k}}) = \chi(DR(X, A))$

(d) Kato-Saito. If $(X_{\bar{k}})_{\text{reduced}} \hookrightarrow X$ is a simple nc divisor

\implies good case if one assumes strong resolution of singularities

① proven via trace formula in log geometry, log cohomology.

$$\chi(\text{log coh}) \stackrel{\text{show}}{=} \chi(X_{\mathbb{Z}}) - \chi(X_{\mathbb{C}}).$$

We do some by replacing log geom by non-comm geom.

Monodromy always quasi-unipotent. Can base change to unipotent monodromy by finite base change.

But Sw depends on X , not just base change! This is the hard part.

Case ①: Relative dimension 1 (Bloch). True here, too.

Non Comm Geom:

Def A nc space over ring A is a dg category over A . $\text{ncspace}/A := \text{dgcat}/A$.

\exists Symm \otimes cocat of nc spaces over A ; call it Sch_A^{nc} "non-comm schemes"

where

ob = small dgcat/A
ham = bimodules $T \rightarrow T'$ are $T \otimes (T')^{\text{op}}$ dg-mod E
st $E(t, -)$ is compact in $(T')^{\text{op}}\text{Mod}$ $\forall t \in T$

generally, objects are perfect schemes

By $T \otimes (T')^{\text{op}}$, mean $T \otimes_A (T')^{\text{op}}$.

\exists particular nice space of interest:

Given $X \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$, consider π uniformizer (function S , as for on X)

(5)

$$MF(X, \pi) = MF \text{ on } X \text{ for form } \pi.$$

(1)
Sch^{nc}_A

for now, 2-periodic dg cat, ignore periodicity.

Claim: a suitable local theory for non-comm spaces exists.

Further,

$$H^0(\rightarrow, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$$

$$\chi(H^0(MF(X, \pi), \mathbb{Q}_\ell)) = \chi(X_{\overline{\mathbb{R}}}) - \chi(X_{\overline{\mathbb{K}}})$$

Now try to generalize χ formula from here: $\chi(\) = [\Delta_X \Delta_X]$.

If non-comm space is smooth proper, have trace formulas in quad.

NOT proper, but need some finiteness properties to apply this.

Then, interpret terms in χ trace formula as $[\Delta_X \Delta_X]$ and Sw .

More about $MF(X, \pi)$. NOT a nice space over A :

1) Concentrated on $\text{Sing}(X \rightarrow S)$, on special fibers.
It's \mathbb{R} -linear, not A -linear naturally. So not

2) Not even nice over \mathbb{R} , NOT proper over \mathbb{R} , as has not fin-dim (2-periodic)

\triangle NOT $(\mathbb{Z}[u, u^{-1}])$ -linear for $|u|=2$, either, unless A is equicharacteristic.

Unlike \mathbb{C} case, where MF is $k[u, u^{-1}]$ mod (u^2) (Ring has mixed characteristic) (6)

Fact: $\exists E_2$ -algebra B (over A) s.t. $H^*(B) \cong k[u, u^{-1}]$

B acts on $MF(X, \pi)$

$$B := R\text{End}(k)[u^{-1}]$$

$k \otimes_A^L k$
 \uparrow Hapt algebraic scheme, and k unit, so has two multip
 u some generator $(u) = \text{Ext}^2(k, k)$
 $k \otimes_A^L k$
 (So $\dim = 2$)

$B \simeq MF(X, \pi)$ (see Praggya's thesis)

u^{-1} kills perfect complexes
 $R\text{End}$ acts on Coh of sing. str.,
 so u^{-1} acts on MF.

B is aka E_2 -Koszul dual of $A \rightarrow k$.

$k \otimes_A^L k$ NOT dg dual in simp comm. algebras

B has two natural k -linear structures

- bracket 0
- def. of normal cone of A to ass gr
 $\leadsto B \rightarrow k[u, u^{-1}]$

Choice of u like chasing unimodular - modules choices

Rmk $B \in \mathcal{E}_2 \Rightarrow B$ ass mon. in non-comm sch

so makes sense to act on an object.

(Thm 1) $MF(X, \pi)$ is smth + proper over B . (← new thing is the mixed char. case.)

basic realization:

\exists lax mon. from

Sch_A^{nc} $\xrightarrow{\text{Kan excision}}$ $D_{\text{ind}}^{\text{const}}(\text{Set}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$
 H: Set, "étale"?

Sch_A $\xrightarrow{\text{can't read}}$ Ind-constructible \mathbb{Q}_ℓ -modules
 \exists via Deligne, etc?

I won't show how to

Apply trace formula to compute $\chi(MF)$.

But will explain

$$\chi(MF) = \chi(X_{\bar{K}}) - \chi(X_K)$$

lax monoidal \Rightarrow extend to thgs over B .

Sch_B^{nc} \longrightarrow $r(B)$ -modules in $D_{\text{ind}}^{\text{const}}(\text{Set}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$

Thm 2. $\chi_{r(B)}(r(MF(X, \pi))) = \chi(X_{\bar{K}}) - \chi(X_K)$

Inertia of Galois gp $G(\bar{K}^{\text{sp}}/K)$

must act compatibly on $H^0(X_{\bar{K}}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$