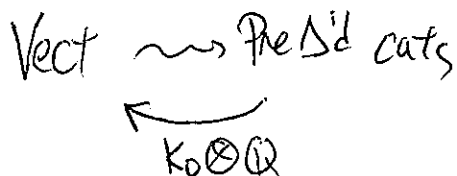


# Kapranov

Perverse sheaves on surfaces  
via Ran categories

(1)

Peru sheaves = categorical analogue of perverse sheaves



Usually, peru sheaf is a complex of sheaves — not obvious how to generalize.

So we description of cat of peru shvs.

Motivation: Coefficients for forming Fukaya categories

↑  
Scalars are

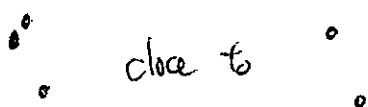
① Ran spaces + Ran categories bread + butter of fact. alg.

$X$  top space, locally compact.

$\text{Ran}(X) := \{ \text{finite, non-empty } A \subset X \}$

If  $X$  metric space, topology by Hausdorff metric:

$$P_{\text{Haus}}(A, B) = \max_a \min_b \rho(a, b)$$



Filtration by cardinality

$$\text{Ran}^{\leq d} = \text{Sym}_{\neq}^d(X)$$

$$\text{Ran}^{\leq 1} \subset \text{Ran}^{\leq 2} \subset \dots$$

$\text{Ran}^{\leq d}$  is mfd of  $X$  is.

Study sheaves on  $\text{Ran}(X)$  constructible wrt  $\text{Ran}^{\leq d}$ .

Ex  $X = \mathbb{R}$ ,  $\text{Ran}^{\leq d} = \{t_1 < \dots < t_d\}$   
a cell.

$\mathcal{F}$  constr.  $\Rightarrow$  data  $(F_d)_{d \geq 1}$ ,  $\sigma_i : F_d \rightarrow F_{d+1}$

$$F_1 \rightarrow F_2 \Rightarrow F_3 \cong F_4$$

no faces, only degenerations. faceless simplicial object (surjections = merging)

MacPherson  $\mathcal{Y} = (Y, (Y_\alpha))$  stratified. Then

$\text{Ex}(\mathcal{Y}) =$  exit path cat; combines find. gpd  $\prod_{\pm} (Y_\alpha)$   
so that

$$\text{Constr}(\mathcal{Y}) \subset \text{Fun}(\text{Ex}(\mathcal{Y}), \text{Vect})$$

$$\text{Ex}(\text{Ran}(\mathbb{R})) = (\Delta_{\text{surj}})^{\text{op}}$$

(A: not "unital"  
in case of aly  
noninjective)  
↓

"Unital" version (Lurie, Gaiotto)

extending space is hard; extend the category.

$X$  mfd.  $\text{R}^0(X) :=$  poset of obj  $\parallel$  open balls  $\subset X$   
hom inclusions.

Ran category:  $R(X) = R^0(X) [W^{-1}]$

$\uparrow$   
 locale w/ inclusions  
 which are htpy equiv,  
 inducing bijection on  $\pi_0$  of hulls

$R(X)$  contains  $Ex(Ran(X))$   
 (injector on  $\pi_0$  inclusions)

Ex 1)  $R(\mathbb{R}) = \Delta^{op}$

2)  $R(S^1) = (\mathbb{A}^1)^{op} \cong \mathbb{A}^1 \mathbb{R} \leftarrow$  paracyclic cut of Connes

(a cyclic extension of cyclic cut  $\Lambda$ )

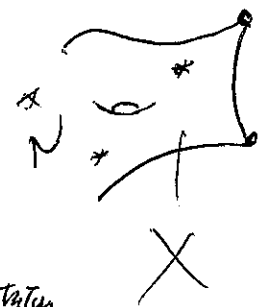
A paracyclic obj is  $F_{n-1} \xrightleftharpoons[S_1]{\partial_1} F_n$   $T_n$  rotates  $\partial_i, S_i$ .  
 $i=0, \dots, n$   $\circlearrowright_{T_n}$   $(T_n)^{n+1}$  central elem.

$T_n^{n+1} \equiv id$  is a cyclic object

② Perverse sheaves on a disk, and paracyclic/Ran data.

$y$  stat  $\mathbb{C}$  mtd,  $Per(y) \subset \mathcal{D}_{const}^b(y)$   
 $ab$   $\uparrow$  const cohom.

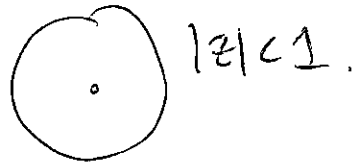
Cases  $y = (X \text{ Riem surf}, N)$ .  $X$  can have  $\partial$ , corners.  
 $N$  finite set  
 Non interior



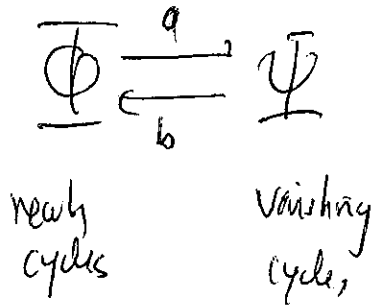
$\uparrow$   
 oriented, tripled

$\partial$ , corners NOT boundary strata, not ~~part of~~ generic strata.

Classical desc. of  $\text{Per}(\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{O})$

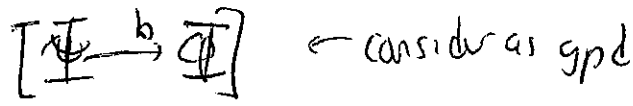


diagrams



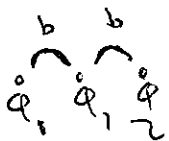
sit.  $T_{\Psi} = 1 - ab$   
 $T_{\Phi} = 1 - ba$  are invert

paracyclic intep.



$\parallel$   
 $[b]$  as gpd obj are elt's of  $\mathbb{F}$   
 $\text{hom}(\varphi, \varphi')$   
 $\parallel$   
 $\{\psi \mid b(\psi) = \varphi' - \varphi\}$

N.  $[b]$  (via  $\mathcal{D}-\mathcal{K}$ ) is simp obj in Vect.



Prop (A) Given any linear map  $b: \Psi \rightarrow \Phi$ ,  
 have bijection btw

(i) extensions of  $b$  to a triang  
 representing  $\mathbb{F} \in \text{Peru}(\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{O})$

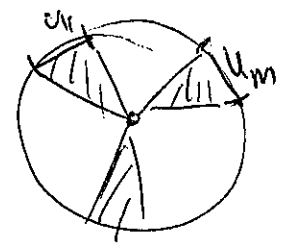
(ii) extending simplicial set to paracyclic structure  
 on  $N_0[b]$

(B) i.e.,

$\text{Peru}(\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{O}) \triangleq \{ \text{paracyclic vec. spaces which, as } \}$   
 $\text{simp vec spaces, are N.T.W.}$   
 (i.e. are 1-segular)

Nothing is proved here.

PF sketch of (B) Given  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Peru}(\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{O})$ , make factor as  $\text{Par}(S') = \mathcal{D}\mathcal{D}$   
 " circle of disks @  $\mathcal{O}$   
 Given  $U = \coprod U_i$ , dig union of arcs on  $S'$



Cone =  $K(U)$

Then  $R \Gamma_{K(U)}(\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{F})$  concent. in one degree, degree 1. (!!)

So end  $U \rightarrow H^1_{K(U)}(U, \mathcal{F})$

purity  
 purity property of perverse sheaves

Purity property  $\implies$  more suitable for Fek. cat.

(6)

Rmk



$\cong$  okay, two — not



(3) For a surface: Relative Ran cat.

$\text{Per}(X, N) \ni \mathcal{F} \rightsquigarrow$  loc. sys. on  $X \setminus N$   
and  $(\Phi, \Psi)$  data @ each pt.

$\parallel$

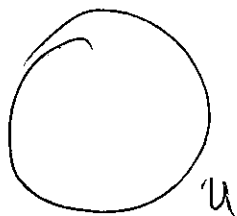
$\text{Funct} (R(X, N), \text{Vect})$

relative Ran cat.

Start w/  $R^0(X, N)$ : point of pairs  $U' \subset U$

disj balls ball  
is  
X

sit.



$R = U \setminus U'$  contractible, and  $|K \cap N| \leq 1$

(!) CONT'D: For  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Per}(X, N)$

$$H_K^{\neq 1}(U, \mathcal{F}) = 0$$

$$R(X, N) := R^0(X, N)[W^{-1}]$$

↳ inclusions  $(U' \subset U) \subset (V' \subset V)$   
 st.  $U' \subset V'$  h. eq.

$$\bullet (U \cap U') \cap N = (V \cap V') \cap N.$$

Thm Have ~~equ~~

$$\text{Per}(X, N) \xrightarrow[\text{fully faithful}]{\Psi} \text{Fun}(R(X, N), \text{Vect})$$

where  $\mathcal{F}$  satisfies

(i)  $\mathcal{F}$  sheaf w/ covergs:  $U = \cup U_i$   
 $U_i' = U_i \cap U'$

(ii) exactness (2-seq)  $\rightarrow$  (gluing of  $\text{Per}(D, 0)$ )

$\forall (U' \subset U) \in R$  and  $V \subset U$  disk

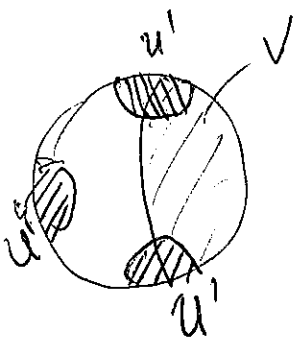
$$\text{st. } (V \cap U', U) \in R$$

$$(V \cap U', U)$$

then

$$F(V \cap U', U) \rightarrow F(U', U) \rightarrow F(V \cap U', U)$$

is SES,



cf. Fargh factors descripton (MacPherson)

(8)

Purely abelian descrip, can categorify:

$$\text{Per}(D, 0) \rightsquigarrow \text{Sph factors}$$

$$D_0 \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{*g} \\ \xleftarrow{g} \end{array} D_1$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Core} \{ *g \circ g \rightarrow Id \} \\ \text{Core} \{ Id \rightarrow g \circ \vec{g} \} \end{array} \right\} \text{are equivalent}$$

No. [g] categorifies  $S_0(g)$  which relates to.

g spherical  $\Rightarrow$  parabolic obj  $\mathcal{S}(g)$

leads to Defn of an  $\infty$ -cat of perverse Schobers of  $(X, N)$

